Surname	Candidate nu	mber		
First name				
The Manch Grammar S	nester School			
Entrance Examinate English Paper 1	tion 2011			
30 r	ninutes			
Do not open this booklet until told to do so				
Write your names, school and car at the top of the page.	ndidate number in the	spaces provided		
You have 30 minutes for this paper	er which is worth 40 m	arks.		
Answer all the questions, attempt cannot answer a question straight later if you have time. Do not lead attempt at an answer that you can	t away leave it blank a ve blank answer space	nd return to it		
Please use capital letters. If you neatly and write the new answer a	•	swer cross it out		
Marker Number correct	1 Marker 2	Agreed mark		

Number wrong

This passage is reprinted on page 3 to help you when you are working on the questions on that page.

Some words have been missed out of the following passage. Each missing word has been given a number in the passage, and we want you first to concentrate on the missing words numbered 1-5. Beneath the passage is a list of words. We want you to choose the word from the list which BEST fits the meaning of the passage in each of the five places.

The ro	ad to the embassy	/ was1_	with traffic	:: cars, motorcycles, tricycle rickshaws, buses				
and jitneys filled to twice their capacity, a procession of wheels and limbs all2for space								
in the	in the mid-afternoon heat. We nudged3 a few feet, stopped, found an4, stopped							
again.	Our taxi driver sho	ooed away a	group of boy	vs who were hawking gum and loose cigarettes,				
then _	5 avoided a	motor scoot	ter carrying a	n family on its back – father, mother, son				
and _	all leaning a	as one into a	a, the	eir mouths wrapped with handkerchiefs to blunt				
the ex	haust, a family of b	oandits. Alor	ng the side of	the road, wizened brown women in faded brown				
sarong	gs stacked straw b	askets high	with ripening	, and a pair of mechanics squatted before				
their o	pen-air garage, laz	zily brushing	away flies as	s they took an apart.				
taken	from "Dreams fron	n My Father	" by Barack O	bama				
Choo	se the words ou	ıt of the fo	llowing list:					
foolish	ly fighting	gap	forward	narrowly				
thrilled	opening	upward	choked	calling				
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

The passage on page 2 is reprinted here to help you answer the questions on this page.

Carry on reading the passage, then answer the questions beneath.

8

9

10

runt

fur it

nee gin

original word:

original word:

original word:

The ro	ad to the emb	assy was with traffic: cars, motorcycles, tricycle rickshaws, buses and		
jitneys	filled to twice	their capacity, a procession of wheels and limbs allfor space in the		
mid-af	ternoon heat.	We nudged a few feet, stopped, found an, stopped again. Our		
taxi dri	ver shooed av	way a group of boys who were hawking gum and loose cigarettes, then		
avoide	d a motor sco	oter carrying an6 family on its back – father, mother, son and7		
all lear	ning as one in	to a8, their mouths wrapped with handkerchiefs to blunt the exhaust, a		
family	of bandits. Alc	ong the side of the road, wizened brown women in faded brown sarongs		
stacke	d straw baske	ets high with ripening9, and a pair of mechanics squatted before their		
open-a	air garage, laz	ily brushing away flies as they took an10 apart.		
This time, the missing words have been given to you – but the letters in each word have been scrambled out of order. Put the letters back to form the original words.				
6	in tree	original word:		
7	the guard	original word:		

#### Read this passage and then answer the questions on the following page

- Along the Bournemouth sea-front the beach-huts turned blank wooden faces towards a greeny-grey, froth-chained sea that leapt eagerly at the cement bulwark of the shore. The gulls had been tumbled inland over the town, and they now drifted above the house-tops on taut wings, whining peevishly. Considered as a group my family was not a very
- prepossessing sight that afternoon, for the weather had brought with it the usual selection of ills to which we were prone. For me, lying on the floor, labelling my collection of shells, it had brought catarrh, pouring it into my skull like cement, so that I was forced to breathe stertorously through open mouth. To my sister Margo it had delivered a fresh dappling of acne spots to a face that was already blotched like a red veil. For my mother there was a
- rich, bubbling cold, and a twinge of rheumatism to season it. Only my eldest brother, Larry, was untouched, but it was sufficient that he was irritated by our failings. It was Larry, of course, who started it. The rest of us felt too apathetic to think of anything except our own ills, but Larry was designed by Providence to go through life like a small, blond firework, exploding ideas in other people's minds, and then curling up with cat-like unctuousness and
- refusing to take any blame for the consequences. He had become increasingly irritable as the afternoon wore on. At length, glancing moodily round the room, he decided to attack Mother, as being the obvious cause of the trouble.
  - "Why do we stand this climate?" he asked suddenly. "What we need is sunshine," Larry continued; "Don't you agree, Les? ... Les ... Les!"
- 20 Leslie unravelled a large quantity of cotton-wool from one ear.
  - "What d'you say?" he asked.
  - "There you are!" said Larry, turning triumphantly to Mother, "it's become a major operation to hold conversation with him. I ask you, what a position to be in! One brother can't hear what you say, and the other one can't be understood. Really, it's time something was done. I can't
- be expected to produce deathless prose in an atmosphere of gloom and eucalyptus." "Yes, dear," said Mother vaguely.
  - "What we all need," said Larry, getting into his stride again, "is sunshine ... a country where we can *grow.*"
  - "Yes, dear, that would be nice," agreed Mother, not really listening.
- 30 "I had a letter from George this morning he says Corfu's wonderful. Why don't we pack up and go to Greece?"
  - "Very well, dear, if you like," said Mother unguardedly.
  - "When?" asked Larry, rather surprised at this cooperation.
  - Mother, perceiving that she had made a tactical error, cautiously lowered *Easy Recipes from Rajputana*.
    - "Well, I think it would be a sensible idea if you were to go on ahead, dear, and arrange things. Then you can write and tell me if it's nice, and we all can follow," she said cleverly. Larry gave her a withering look.
    - "No, if we're going to Greece, let's all go together."
- 40 "You do *exaggerate*, Larry," said Mother plaintively; "anyway, I can't go just like that. I have to arrange something about this house."
  - "Arrange? Arrange what, for heaven's sake? Sell it."
  - "I can't do that, dear," said Mother, shocked.
  - "Why not?"

35

- 45 "But I've only just bought it."
  - So we sold the house and fled from the gloom of the English summer, like a flock of migrating swallows.

The passage is reprinted on page 6 to help you when you are working on the questions on page 7

Now that you have read the passage, from "My Family and Other Animals"

_		Durrell, answer these questions by writing the letter A, B, C or oriate answer-spaces.	D in
11.	Why do A B C	the beach-huts turn "blank wooden faces" towards the sea?  The huts are closed up and empty, which makes them seem detached from the seaside.  The huts seem uninterested in the sea.  The huts are unaffected by the rough weather and they always look that way.	
	D	They have not been painted in the lovely bright colours you would normally expect.	11
12.	_	The gulls were unable to take off because the wind made their wings "ta The wind forced the gulls to fly so fast that they were unable to land on thouse-tops.	
	D	The gulls were unable to control the direction of their flight because the wind was so strong.	12
13.	open me A B	noisily and with difficulty	
	C D	rhythmically smoothly and with ease	13
14.	her app A B	bes the description of Margo on lines 8-9 suggest about earance?  She looks even more beautiful now that her veil is "dappled".  She has very few spots.  She now has even more spots than before.  Her face is flushed in the heat of the fire.	14
15.	Α	bes Larry's reference to producing "deathless prose" (line 25) suggest?  He wants to live forever.	
	B C D	He is most interested in the practical side of life (specifically of moving he is working to produce a cure for disease.  He is interested in the creative side of life and dreams of becoming	ouse).

a writer.

15

#### Read this passage and then answer the questions on the following page

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16.	Larry's l	of the following quotations does <b>not</b> reflect the narrator's dislike of behaviour?  "curling up with cat-like unctuousness and refusing to take any blame for the consequences."  "Only my eldest brother, Larry, was untouched"  "glancing moodily around the room, he decided to attack Mother, as being the obvious cause of the trouble."  "Larry gave her a withering look."	16
17.	What is A B	rator describes Mother as responding to Larry "plaintively" (line 40). he suggesting about the way in which she speaks? She speaks: plainly, without emotion aggressively sorrowfully humorously	17
18.	migratin	nd of the passage, the family are described as "a flock of ag swallows" (lines 46-47). What does this suggest to the about the family's lifestyle?  They are fragile and delicate, like swallows.  The family does not stick together.  The family does not move around a lot.  The family moves around a lot.	18
19.	_	ne description of Larry on lines 13-15, and the whole of the e, decide which of the following most accurately describes his er.  He has a shock (explosion) of blond hair on his head.  He is short-tempered, strong-willed and difficult to handle.  He is physically small but, nevertheless, impressive to look at.  He has blond hair and is lively and fun, like a firework.	19
20.	Who ha A B C D	s the most influence in the family?  Mother  Larry  Leslie  Margo	20

This table is reprinted on page 10 to help you when you are working on the questions on page 11. Look at the table and answer the questions on the following page.

In the table there is a list of numbers in the Bambara language (which is spoken in parts of Africa). Some of the Bambara words are missing, but you should be able to work out what they are. You may use the spaces in the table for your working if you would like to do so.

1	kelen	19	
2	fla	20	mugan
3		21	
4	naani	22	mugan ni fla
5	duurun	23	mugan ni saba
6		30	bi saba
7		40	bi naani
8	segi	50	
9	kononto	55	
10	tan	60	
11	tan ni kelen	70	bi wolonfla
12		80	bi segi
13		90	
14	tan ni naani	100	keme
15		200	keme fla
16	tan ni wooro	300	
17	tan ni wolonfla	1000	wa kelen
18	tan ni segi	2000	

21. Which of the following is the Ba	iiiibaia wolu ioi 3:		
A kelen fla B wooro C saba			
D wolonfla			21
22. What does tan ni fla mean in B	avah ava 2		
22. What does tan ni na mean in ba	ambara?		
A 8 B 12			
C 20			22
D 102			
OO Maide design the Design are seemed	for 45	00	
23. Write down the Bambara word	for 15.	23	
24. Write down the Bambara word	for 300.	24	
25. Write down the Bambara word	for 2000.	25	

## The table from page 8 is reprinted below to help you when you are working on the questions on page 11

1	kelen	19	
2	fla	20	mugan
3		21	
4	naani	22	mugan ni fla
5	duurun	23	mugan ni saba
6		30	bi saba
7		40	bi naani
8	segi	50	
9	kononto	55	
10	tan	60	
11	tan ni kelen	70	bi wolonfla
12		80	bi segi
13		90	
14	tan ni naani	100	keme
15		200	keme fla
16	tan ni wooro	300	
17	tan ni wolonfla	1000	wa kelen
18	tan ni segi	2000	

26.	Which of the following English expressions is most like the word bi?	Bambara
	A ten	
	B ten plus	
	C ten times	26
	D two	20
27.	Which of the following English expressions is least like the	Bambara
	word ni?	
	A plus	
	B times	
	C and	27
	D with	21
28.	Write down the Bambara word for 55.	
29.	Write wa saba ni keme naani ni bi duurun	29
	ni kelen as a number.	
30.	In Bambara, wolonfla divided by fla is saba ni tilance. What	does tilance
	mean?	
	A one	
	B remainder one	
	C a half	30
	D three	

## Read the following fictional passage and answer the questions on the following page:

The humanoids of Galafray are in many ways just like us. The way they sense things, however, is very different.

For example, light reflected in the frequency range of the spectrum visible to humans is smelled by the Galafrains. What we see as blue, they sniff as lemons. Also, what we hear, they see. Beethoven's Ninth Symphony is for them a silent psychedelic light show of breathtaking beauty. The only things they hear are thoughts: their own and those of others. A Galafrain only tastes when he sees with his eyes, in fact the art galleries on Galafray are praised for their deliciousness.

They do not have the sense of touch, but they do have another sense we lack, called mulst. It detects movement and is perceived through the joints. It is as impossible for us to imagine mulst as it is for Galafrains to imagine touch.

When humans first heard about this strange race, it did not take long for someone to ask: when a tree falls in a forest on Galafray, does it make a noise? At the same time, on Galafray they were asking: when a film is shown on Earth, does it make a smell?

adapted from 'The Pig that Wants to be Eaten' by Julian Baggini

The passage is reprinted on page 14 to help you when you are working on the questions on page 15.

Answer these questions by writing the letter A, B, C or D in the appropriate answer-spaces.

31.	What sense do humans use when a Galafrain smells something?  A Sight B Hearing C Taste D Touch	31
32.	What sense do Galafrains use when a human hears?  A Touch  B Taste  C Sight  D Smell	32
33.	If you were trying to explain to a Galafrain what lemons smell like, what you ask him to do?  A Listen to the radio B Look at something blue C Cut open a lemon D Dance like a ballerina	might 33
34.	When a human sees the colour orange, what might a Galafrain experient A A light show B The colour blue C The smell of coffee D The sound of breaking glass	nce?
35.	What would a Galafrain be most likely to think when confronted with a beautiful piece of art?  A "That sounds nice."  B "Yum, that tastes like chocolate."  C "That's a nice shade of pink."  D "Wow, that's bright."	35

## The passage on page 12 is reprinted here to help you answer the questions on page 15.

The humanoids of Galafray are in many ways just like us. The way they sense things, however, is very different.

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36.	Which of the following would a Galafrain be least likely to think?  A "That feels sharp."  B "You smell nice."  C "That music is bright."  D "Your T-shirt is tasty."	36
37.	If a small, brown dog ran around barking close to a Galafrain, what senses would the Galafrain be using?  A Sight, hearing and touch B Hearing only C Mulst, smell and sight D Touch and hearing	37
38.	What would be the best way of telling a Galafrain friend your name?  A Speaking very clearly and loudly  B Writing it down for him  C Thinking about it  D Baking him a cake	38
39.	Although it is impossible to imagine mulst, in which of these activities would a Galafrain probably <b>not</b> experience mulst?  A Ice skating B Riding a horse C Having a conversation with another Galafrain D Watching a live football game	39
40.	<ul> <li>Why would someone ask 'when a tree falls in a forest on Galafray, does it make a noise'?</li> <li>A Because trees on Galafray are made of a light, spongy substance called xufyt.</li> <li>B Because the ground in Galafray is soft and bouncy.</li> <li>C Because Galafrain trees are very quiet.</li> <li>D Because no Galafrain would be able to hear it.</li> </ul>	40

### **End of Examination**

Use any remaining time to check your work or try any questions you have not answered.

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